
Focus Questions 2-1

The New Republic

- Describe the impact of the Bill of Rights on average Americans.
 - Describe the differences between enumerated powers and implied powers.
 - Describe the importance of judicial review.
 - Describe the impact Nationalism had on Americans.
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The Constitution after 1787

- Bill of rights is added 1791.
 - The Bill of rights is the first 10 Amendments to the Constitution.
 - Eight of them protect the rights of individuals against the government.
 - Ninth states that people have rights not listed in the Constitution.
 - The Tenth Amendment adds that any powers not specifically given to the federal government are reserved for the states.
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Debate over Power

- Enumerated powers; are powers specifically mentioned in the Constitution.
 - Jefferson and Madison used this as the basis to fight government interference. (less government)
 - Implied powers; are powers not explicitly listed in the Constitution.
 - Hamilton argued that the government had “necessary and proper power” to make laws that will help it to fulfill its responsibility.
 - Hamilton also argued that it was the governments job to collect taxes, regulate trade, and provide defense, so the implied powers took precedent over enumerated powers. (More government involvement)
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Debate over Power

- Marbury v. Madison establishes Judicial Review.
- Allowed the Judicial Branch the power to decide whether laws are constitutional.
- Most importantly strike down those that are not.



Growth of American Nationalism

- Nationalism; a strong feeling in one's country and culture.
- More Americans began to see themselves as part of whole country.
- Tax imports to protect American companies.
- More support for the federal government.



Growth of American Nationalism

- McCulloch v. Maryland establishes that state governments cannot interfere with the federal government.
 - Monroe Doctrine; declares that the American continents should no longer be open for colonization.
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Focus Questions 2-1-2

The New Republic

- Describe the Industrial Revolution and its impact on business.
 - Describe the impact the Industrial Revolution had on immigration.
 - Describe at least three elements to the society in which enslaved and free African Americans lived under.
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Industrial Revolution

- Brought large scale manufacturing.
- Complex machines and an organized work force.



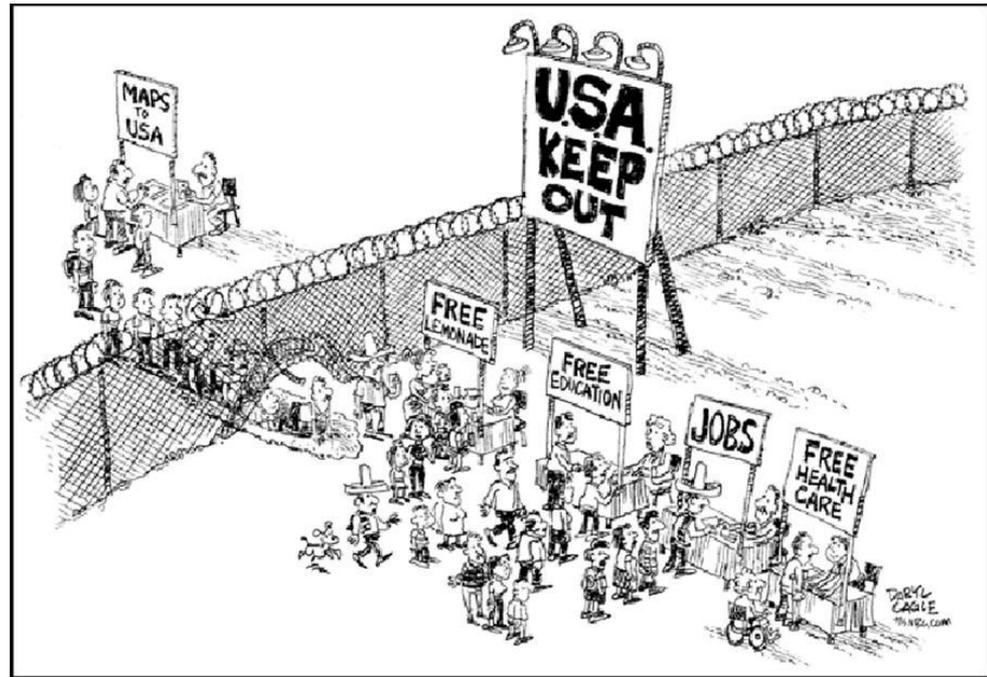
Impact on Business

- It transformed the economy and society.
- The American system of free enterprise allowed people to invest without government restrictions.
- Low taxes kept more money in peoples hands to invest.



Immigration

- Industrialization drew thousands of immigrants to the U.S.
- Immigrants hoped to find a better life, jobs, and housing.
- This provided industry with a large and cheap labor source.



Nativism

- A preference for native born people and a desire to limit immigration.
- Groups begin to restrict Catholics, Germans and the Irish from holding office.
- Labor Unions begin to form in order to protect employees from immigrants.



African American

- Slaves:
 - Slave trade becomes illegal in 1808.
 - A high birthrate among slaves allowed slaveholders meet the high demand for labor.
 - Could not own property, or leave the plantations without permission.
 - They could not testify in court against a white person.
 - Laws even banned them from reading.
- Free Africans:
 - Some owned slaves.
 - Majority lived in the North where slavery was outlawed.
 - They could organize their own churches and organizations.
 - They were also paid for the jobs they held.
 - Yet despite these freedoms they were not fully embraced by many northerners.
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